Numb. XCIV.

THE Pennsylvania GAZETTE.

Containing the freshest Advices Foreign and Domestick.

From Thursday, August 27. to Thursday, September 3. 1730.

MILAN, May 2.

ON the 22d of last Month was published here a List of above 400 Persons, with their Names and Sirnames, whom the Government banishes out of this City and the whole Extent of the Dutchy, on Pain of Imprisonment, and of being sent to the Gallies, in Case of Non-compliance. It is said that a Camp is to be formed between Pavia and Cremona. We hear that the King of Sardinia has given Orders to carry 200 Waggon Loads of Gunpowder, Part into the City of Alexandria, and Part into Fortresses of Valencia and Verne, that he keeps his Troops in continual Exercise, and that besides the Levies which have been already made, he has given Orders for the raising of new Recruits.

LISBON, May 11. It is advised from Tetuan, that the People of the Kingdom of Sus having refused to acknowledge King Muley Abdallah for their Sovereign, that Prince had sent against them an Army of 40,000 Men, at the Head of which he intended to put himself the Beginning of next Month; that he had appointed the Princess his Mother Regent of the Kingdoms of Fez and Morocco during the Time he shall be absent in subduing the People of Sus. These Letters add likewise, that the Inhabitants of the Mountains not being yet reduced to Obedience, continued to make Incursions on the Side of St. Croix, and that there had not been any Commerce in that City for a Month past.

FLORENCE, May 24. The second Column of the Emperor's Troops is entered into the Milanese, and have taken their Quarters in the several Towns of that Dutchy, where they are to continue till further Orders. We hear from the Island of Corsica, that Sig. Veroncio having summoned three several Times the Rebels of that Island to lay down their Arms, to which they would not yield Obedience, and the Highlanders having since had the Audaciousness on the contrary to come and pillage several Houses in the Country some Leagues from Bastia, the Commissary General of the Republick of Genoa was gone at the Head of 500 Men to disperse them. These Letters add, that it was apprehended at Genoa that the Corsicans were resolved to withdraw themselves entirely from their Obedience, and seemed determined to be no longer in Subjection to that Republick, which give Reason to fear that they are encouraged by, and assured of the Protection of some foreign Power.

VIENNA, June 2. This Day arrived a Courier from Count Kinski, Ambassador Extraordinary at the French Court, which gives farther Hopes of an Accommodation than before, and it is expected that Orders will soon be given to the Troops on their March towards Italy to wait for fresh Orders. We hear from Belgrade, that the Turks on the Side of Hungary had assembled 40,000 Men, but that they had attempted no Manner of Hostilities upon the Imperial Territories, which made it supposed their Designs were against some other Place. However, as all Things are ready for their Reception should they attempt any Enterprize, no great Umbrage is taken thereat at this Time.

HAMBURG, June 6. N.S. The Coronation of the Czarina of Moscovy was solemnized in the following Manner. On the 9th of May in the Morning, the Guards and some other Regiments, under the Command of Lieutenant-General Uschokof, and Major-General Boreztinski, march'd to the Court-yard of the Palace, and posted themselves from her Czarian Majesty's Apartment to the Bridge and John's-Square. At 7 o'Clock all that were concerned in the Ceremony met in very rich Habits; the Gentlemen in the Great Hall, and the Ladies near the Czarina's Apartment, and others in the Church. At eight o'Clock, the Regalia of the Empire were carried into the Hall of Audience, by several Colonels, accompanied by a Master of the Ceremonies, a Herald, and a Detachment of the Chevalier-Guards, and placed upon a Table to the Right of the Throne, under a Canopy, where the principal Ministers of State stood ready to carry them before her Majesty in Procession. Mean while the Clergy were putting

up

up Prayers in the Metropolitan Church for the Czarina's happy Reign. At 9 o' Clock, half the Life Guards being drawn up in 2 Ranks, the Signal was made by Kettle Drums and Trumpets, that her Majesty was ready to go to Church; whereupon every one that had any Business there repaired to his Post; the Bells were set a Ringing, and the Procession began thus:

1. The Pages. 2. The Deputies of Estonia and Livonia, to the Number of 114. 3. The General of the Cossacks. 4. Four other Generals. 5. Two Brigadiers as Heralds. 6. The Regalia, to wit, the Mantle, borne by the Privy Counsellor Soltikof, assisted by a General and two Lieutenant Colonels: The Globe, by the Privy Counsellor Prince Czerkaski, and two Lieutenant Colonels: The Scepter, by the Privy Counsellor (now) Count Osterman, and two Lieutenant Colonels; and the Crown by the General Field Marshal Prince Trubetskoi, and two Colonels. 7. The Great Marshal of the Court Lowold. 8. The Marshal of the Empire Prince Galliczin. 9. The Czarina, under a stately Canopy borne by six Major Generals, and the Tassels held by six Lieutenant Generals. 10. The Great Master of the Houshold Soltikof, with six Chamberlains bearing her Majesty's Train. 11. The Lord High Chancellor Count Golofskin on one Side of the Czarina, and the Field Marshal Prince Dolgorucki on the other, having behind them two Chamberlains and five Pages. 12. The Ladies of the Court of the first and second Rank. 13. The Knights of the Court, with 24 of the chief Nobility. 14. Twelve of the principal Citizens. 15. The other half of the Life Guards, with their Officers.

Being come to Church, the Czarina was received at the Church Door by the Clergy in Procession. Her Majesty ascended the Throne erected there: The Regalia were laid upon a Table by her; those that bore them, stood by her Side, and those of her Retinue went to their proper Places. The High Chancellor and Prince Dolgorucki placed themselves behind her Majesty; and the Great Marshal Prince Galliczin, who had handed her up the Steps of the Throne, was upon the lowermost Step whilst the Liturgy was read. When her Majesty, after the Prayers and Communion, went to be anointed, the Crown was placed upon her sacred Head by the Great Marshal, the High Chancellor, and Prince Dolgorucki, who received it again as soon as that Ceremony was over. The Floor her Majesty went over to be anointed, was covered with a rich Carpet of Velvet wrought with Gold. After anointing, her Majesty went to St. Michael's Church, the Count de Bruss following her, and throwing Gold and Silver Medals all the Way among the People, which he took out of three rich Bags carried by Privy Counsellors. From Church her Majesty went to the Senate, to receive the Compliments of her Relations. The Count de Bruss was ordered to have a Quantity of Gold Medals ready there, which the Czarina herself presented to them upon a Gold Waiter. Thence her Majesty was conducted to Dinner with the greatest Solemnity, where she also sat upon a Throne under a Canopy, and was served by her Chief Ministers. The Dishes were ushered in by Cadets of the Guards, and placed upon the Table by the Marshals with the Bending of the Knee, all the Illustrious Company were magnificently entertained at other Tables; and the Populace had two Oxen roasted, besides other Eatables, and Plenty of red and white Wine, &c.

Upon Occasion of this Coronation, her Czarian Majesty made a great Promotion of Officers both Civil and Military. Her Majesty has confirmed the Pension of 20,000 Rubles a Year settled upon the Duke of Blankenburg by the late Czar Peter II. and the Pensions of several Ministers of State; so that her Accession to the Throne is Matter of general Joy.

Letters from Moscow say, That the new Empress since her Coronation, has settled her Houshold, and appointed her Body-Guard in a more regular Manner than hitherto known in Moscovy; and that it was talked her Czarian Majesty was about entring into strong Alliance with several Christian Powers, for the more secure Government of her extensive Dominions in the Russian Empire.

LONDON, *June* 9.

Yesterday, about 10 o' Clock in the Morning, their Majesties came in an open Chaise, with the rest of the Royal Family in Coaches, into Hyde-park. His Majesty, his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, and his Royal Highness the Duke, immediately mounted on Horseback, and rode from Right to Left of the three Regiments of Foot Guards, who were drawn up in a Line, and were saluted by every respective Officer; they afterwards went in the Rear from Left to Right. Her Majesty, with the rest of the Royal Family, continuing in their Coaches in the Center of the Line; His Majesty, his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, his Royal Highn. the Duke, dismounted and saw the three Regiments perform their Exercise, which they went thro' by the Motion of a pair of Colours, which a Major flourished in the Center of the Line; after which his Majesty saw every Company march by him four in a Rank; then the Regiments drew up again in a Line, and fired several Times in Platoons, and made several general Firings, with which his Majesty was very well pleased, and continued in the Park till between 2 and 3 o' Clock, when their Majesties, with the rest of the Royal Family, returned to Richmond. There were present a great Concourse of Nobility and Gentry in the Park.

Sir Charles Wills, Colonel of the first Regiment of Foot Guards, being lame of the Gout could not be at the Head of his Regiment; but the Right Hon. the Earl of Scarborough, Colonel of the second Regiment, and the Earl of Dunmore, Colonel of the third Regiment,

paid

paid their Reſpects to his Majeſty with their Half Pikes at the Head of their reſpective Regiments.

The Right Hon. the Lord Delawar, who ſucceeded Col. Carpenter as Colonel of a Company of Grenadiers in the firſt Regiment of Guards, was pleaſed yeſterday on occaſion of the Review, to treat each Man in his Company with a Penny-loaf, a Pint of Beer, and a Dram of Brandy, as they ſtood under Arms.

The Horſe Guards made a Line in the Front and Flank from Right to Left of the three Regiments, which took up a great Extent of Ground, and kept ſuch a due Decorum, that we do not hear of any Damage received by the Populace, who were very numerous.

BOSTON, *Auguſt* 17.

A Letter from Col. Dunbar, *relating to the New Settlements to the* Eaſtward.

SIR,

BY the Man of War lately arrived, I have received full Powers and Inſtructions from the King to go on with the Settlements to the *Eaſtward*; I am commanded for every 40 Families to lay out 12 Miles ſquare, or 100,000 Acres, and to fix upon a Place in each Townſhip for a Town, to give each Family a Houſe-Lot and a Home-Lot of 40 Acres, and 100 Acres or more to each Family as contiguous as may be to ſuch Town, and as far as 1000 Acres to one Man according to the Ability of ſuch to cultivate and improve, at *One Penny* Quit-rent *per* Acre to his Majeſty *per Annum*.

If theſe Inſtructions had come in the firſt of the Summer, many Hundred Families would e're now have been ſettled, but it may not yet be too late, if you and a Number to make up 40 Families, or more, are ready and willing to go to the *Eaſtward*, and can carry your own Proviſions, I will go with you and lay out Lands for you immediately, according to my Powers and Inſtructions, to your Satisfaction; but I deſire that no Man or Family will go with you, or come thither to depend upon me for Proviſions or Imployment, as too many did laſt Winter.

When you have got a Number thus reſolved and provided, let me know, and I will loſe no Time to proceed with them.

I have poſitive Commands from the King, to give double Lots to the firſt Miniſter and School-maſter in each Town, one of which Lots to the Miniſter and School-maſter in perpetuity, and the other to the Families of the firſt Miniſter and School-maſter, and their Heirs as to other Inhabitants.

If it be thought that the Seaſon is too far ſpent to begin Settlements this Year, I deſire to have the Names ſent me from Time to Time, of ſuch as propoſe to remove thither early in the Spring.

I am

Boſton, Aug. 15. 1730. *Your humble Servant,*

David Dunbar.

Boſton, Aug. 22, 1730.

WHEREAS upon the Second of December laſt I publiſhed a Declaration by Way of my Explanation of the laſt Act of Parliament for preſerving of the Woods, and therein gave liberty for cutting ſuch White Pine Trees during laſt Winter as was therein deſcribed, and in my Apprehenſion not fit for the King's Service.

I do now hereby give Notice to all Perſons concerned, That I do abſolutely Recall my ſaid former Declaration of the 2d of December laſt, and do forbid all Perſons to cut any White Pine Trees whatſoever, except upon ſuch Lands as were private Property before the 7th of October 1690, as mentioned at large in the Acts of Parliament.

And if any White Pine Trees or Logs ſhall be hereafter ſeized, the Owner will be obliged to prove them to have been cut upon ſuch antient private Property as before mentioned, upon failure of ſufficient Proof thereof, the Offender will be proſecuted by due Courſe of Law, for the Penalties in the ſaid Acts.

David Dunbar.
Surveyor General of his Majeſty's Woods.

NEW-YORK, *Auguſt* 31, 1730.

ON the 25th Inſtant the General Aſſembly of this Colony met, and on the 26th his Excellency made a Speech to them, which is as follows, *viz.*

GENTLEMEN,

THE principal Reaſon of my calling you together at this Time, is to acquaint you, That his Majeſty has Diſallowed all the Acts you have paſſed, prohibiting the Selling of *Indian Goods* to the *French*, or laying Duties on them, from the Year 1720, to the Year 1729, which I believe is what you expected, from the late Accounts we have had from *England*.

By the Repeal of theſe Acts, which I ſhall lay before you, the laſt Proviſion you made for the Support of the Houſe and Garriſon at *Oſwego*, is rendered altogether ineffectual.

Every Man who knows the Intereſt and Circumſtances of this Province, muſt be very ſenſible of the Importance of that Place, on which chiefly depends the Proſperity and Succeſs of your *Indian Trade*, the Fidelity and Obedience of the *Six Nations* to the Crown of *Great Britain*, and the Protection and Defence of your Frontier Settlements. The Seaſon of the Year for tranſporting Men and Proviſions being now far advanced, I earneſtly deſire, that you will ſpeedily provide effectual and unexceptionable Supplies for this Service.

I alſo expect you will take into your ſerious Conſideration the ruinous Condition of all the other Frontier Garriſons, and the miſerable Condition of the Officers Barracks in the Fort at *New-York*.

It gives me very great Uneaſineſs to propoſe any Expence to the Province, but the Things I have mentioned, are ſo abſolutely neceſſary for his Majeſty's Service, and the Safety of his Subjects, that I think my ſelf indiſpenſibly obliged to recommend them moſt earneſtly unto you.

J. MONTGOMERIE.

On the 25th Inſtant arrived here Capt Thurkettle in a Brigt. 21 Days from Jamaica: She came out in Company with a Virginia Sloop and a London Ship, and in the Windward Paſſage were met by 3 Sloops of Spaniſh Pyrates, who took the Virginia Sloop and plunder'd her of all that was valuable, and would have taken the Brigantine and Ship, but were told by the People of the Sloop, that the Ship was a Man of War. Capt. Thurkettle afterwards ſpoke with the Virginia Sloop, who told them thoſe Pyrates were all Mulattoes and Negroes, and that an old Mulatto commanded the Sloop that took them.

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On the 28th Capt. Marſton arrived here in a Brigt. from Jamaica, who alſo in the Windward Paſſage was chaſed by one of thoſe Pyrates, and had been taken had he not bore down to a London Ship of 20 Guns, on which the Pyrate left him.

Cuſtom-Houſe, New-York, Auguſt 31. *Inward Entries.* Thurkettle and Marſton from Jamaica, White from South Carolina, Schermerhorn from Boſton. *Entred outwards,* Tillinghaſt for Rh-Iſland, Thurkettle for Jamaica, Hen. Vanpelt for N. Carolina, White for S. Carolina.

Cleared out, Phœnix to St. Chriſtophers, J. Vanpelt and H. Vanpelt to N. Carolina, Tillinghaſt to Rh-Iſland.

PHILADELPHIA, *September* 3.

Friday laſt, a Girl putting Apples into a Syder Mill at *Germantown* was unfortunately caught by the Hand, and had her Arm drawn in and ground off to the Shoulder.

We hear a Lad near *Faulkner's* Swamp, was lately kill'd by a Syder Mill much after the ſame Manner.

On Tueſday laſt his Honour our Governor ſet out for *New-York* He was attended out of Town by a great Number of Gentlemen, Merchants and others, who accompanied him ſeveral Miles.

Cuſtom-Houſe, Philadelphia, Entred inwards.

Ship Thiſtle, Colin Dunlop, from Dover.
----- Dragon, Charles Hargrave, from Barbadoes.
Brigt. Philadelphia Hope, George Spafford, from Ditto.
Sloop Surinam, Henry Norwood, from Ditto.
----- Advantage, John Todd, from Bermuda.
------ Anne, David Whitney, from St. Chriſtophers.
------ Tace, Benjamin Hoskins, from South Carolina.
----- Happy, Benjamin Moulder, from Boſton and Lewes.
----- Pelican, Solomon Coleman, from Rhode Iſland.

Entred outwards.

Sloop Pelican, Solomon Coleman, for Rhode-Iſland.
----- Tace, Benjamin Hoskins, for South-Carolina.

Cleared out.

Sloop Elizabeth and Anne, Richard Wheldon, to Boſton.
------ Bridgwater, John Semper, to St. Chriſtophers.
------ Seahorſe, St. George Tucker, to Burlington.

Buried in the ſeveral Burying-Grounds of this City the Week paſt.

Church - - - - - -	3.	Baptiſts - - - - - - - -		1.
Quakers - - - - - -	3.	Strangers,	Whites - -	3.
Presbyterians - - -	1.		Blacks - - -	0.

Advertiſements.

A Likely young Negro Woman, fit for all kind of Houſhold Buſineſs, to be diſpos'd of. Enquire of *Mary Flower*, Widow, in *Waterſtreet*, near the *Crooked Billet*.

RUn away from *William Anderſon* of *Whitemarſh*, near Juſtice *Farmer's*, a Servant Man named *Owen O Donelly*, an Iriſhman, aged about 26 Years, a broad well-ſet Man, bow-legged, a great Boaſter and Lyar, and full of Talk; when he walks, his Head leans to one ſide; black Hair but wears a white Wig: has a brown cloth Coat, a light-colour'd cloth Jacket, Shirt and Breeches of ozenbrigs, a pair of white Stockings, and a pair blue grey. He profeſſes to be a Brickmaker and a Maſon. Whoever ſecures the ſaid Servant, and gives Notice ſo that his Maſter may have him again, ſhall have *Fifty Shillings* Reward, and reaſonable Charges paid, by *William Anderſon.*

JOHN *Hyndſhaw* Bookſeller and Bookbinder, at the Sign of the *Two Bibles*, who kept Shop in *Market-ſtreet* over againſt the Presbyterian Meeting-houſe, is now removed to *Second-ſtreet*, next Door to *Joſeph Noble*, Cutler; where he continues to bind any Sort of Books, and to ſell at the loweſt Prices Bibles and Teſtaments of ſeveral Sorts, Pſalters, Pſalm-books, Accompt-books, Pocket-books, Spelling-books, Primers, Horn-books, *Mather's* Young Man's Companion, The Trader's Companion; with Variety of other Books, Bills of Lading bound or unbound, Common-bonds for Money, Arbitration-bonds, Powers of Attorney, Indentures, Bills of Sale, Paper, Pens, Ink, Sealing-Wax, Wafers, Pencils, and ſundry Sorts of Merchants Goods.

To be SOLD,

BY *Mahlon Stacy, Jonathan Wright* and *Thomas Scattergood* of *Burlington*, Executors of *Abraham Porter* lately deceaſed; a large Tract of Land in the County of *Glouceſter*, in *Weſt-Jerſey*; containing about 3000 Acres, well accommodated with a good Orchard, a Saw-Mill, and a great Quantity of Timber and Meadow Land, bounding on both Sides of *Glouceſter* River, commonly call'd *Timber-Creek*, within 12 Miles of *Philadelphia*, navigable for a large Boat up to the ſaid Mill.

Any Perſon deſirous to purchaſe the ſaid Land, or any Part thereof, may apply to the Executors above-mentioned. *Burlington, Aug.* 21. 1730.

To be SOLD,

BY *Edward Horne*, at the *Coffee-Houſe* in *Philadelphia*, the 14th of *September* next at 3 o' Clock in the Afternoon, by Vendue, the ſundry Ground-rents following, (during the natural Life of *Joſeph Jones* of *Philadelphia*) by Virtue of a Deed of Truſt to him made for the Uſe of the Creditors of the ſaid *Joſeph Jones:*

A Ground-rent late *Tho. Parſons's*, now paid by *Elizabeth Hill*, at 10 s. *per Ann.* one Ditto late *Abraham Hooper's*, by *Anne Woods*, at 10 s. *per Ann.* and Ditto by Ditto at 3 l. *per Ann.* late *John Fellows*, by *Edmund Williams* at *Derby*, 3 l. *per Ann. Thomas Griffith*, by *John Lock*, 2 l. *per Ann. Frances Little*, by *Joſeph Claypoole*, 2 l. 4 s. *per Ann. Hannah Delarle*, by *Lloyd Zachary*, at 10 s. *per Ann. John Sunghurſt*, by *Daniel Radly*, at 2 l. 4 s. *per Ann. Joſeph Croſs*, by the Widow *Shelly*, at 2 l. 6 s. and *Robert Tate*, by the ſaid Widow *Shelly*, at 3 l. 15 s. *per Ann. Roſe Plumly*, by *William Allen*, at 2 l. 8 d. *per Ann. Nath. Sikes*, by —— *Yeldall's*, at 3 l. 10 s. *per Ann. William Salleway*, the Eſtate of *John Carpenter*, deceaſed, by *Iſaac Norris*, ſen. at 3 l. 10 s. *per Ann.* and late *Iſaac Rikets*, the Eſtate of the ſaid *John Carpenter*, by the ſaid *Iſaac Norris's*, at 3 l. *per Ann.* late *William Salisbury*, by *William Bevan*, at 6 l. *per Ann. Robert Roberts* of *North Wales* on 150 Acres of Land 3 l. *per Ann. Jacob Evans* on 50 Acres of Land 9 s. *per Ann.* paid by *Richard Waln.* The original Deeds, as well as the Deeds of Truſt, ſhewing the Authority, by which they are ſold, to be ſeen at the ſame Time by any if required.

Philadelphia, 20th of the *6th Month*, 1730.

WHEREAS divers Perſons have (illegally) ſettled themſelves and Families on ſeveral Tracts of Land, known by the Name of *The London Company's Land*, and that to the Damage of the Owners thereof.

THESE are therefore to give Notice to all ſuch Perſons, that if they (within one Month after the Date hereof) ſhall refuſe or neglect to make Satisfaction for the Damages already done, and ſhall preſume hereafter to cut any Timber-Trees or Underwood, &c. they may expect to be proceeded againſt according to a Law of this Province, made and provided in that Caſe. *Henry Hodge*, Attorney.

BIBLES, Teſtaments, Pſalters, Pſalm-Books, Accompt-Books, Pocket-Books, Bills of Lading bound and unbound, Common Blank Bonds for Money, Bonds with Judgment, Counterbonds, Arbitration Bonds, Arbitration Bonds with Umpirage, Bail Bonds, Counterbonds to ſave Bail harmleſs, Bills of Sale, Powers of Attorney, Writs, Summons, Apprentices Indentures, Servants Indentures, Penal Bills, Promiſory Notes, &c. all the Blanks in the moſt authentick Forms, and correctly printed, may be had at the Publiſhers of this Paper, who perform all other Sorts of Printing at reaſonable Rates.

Where may be had

1. *FIVE SERMONS* on ſeveral *OCCASIONS*, by eminent *Diſſenting Divines.*
2. *ZEAL a VIRTUE:* Or a *DISCOURSE* concerning *Sacred Zeal.* By *John Reynolds.*
3. The *Jeruſalem-Sinner Saved*, Or *good News for the Vileſt of Men*, being a Help for *deſpairing Souls.* By *John Bunyan.*
4. SERMONS on SEVERAL OCCASIONS, by eminent Divines of the *Church* of *England.*

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